

VENTTSEL', T.D.

Some quasi-linear parabolic systems with increasing coefficients.  
Dokl. AN SSSR 140 no.2:284-286 S '61. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M.V.Lomonosova.  
Predstavлено академиком I.G.Petrovskim.  
(Boundary value problems) (Differential equations)

VENTTSEL', T.D.

Quasi-linear parabolic systems with growing coefficients.  
Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 1: Mat., mekh. 18 no.6:34-44 N-D'63.  
(MIRA 17:2)  
1. Kafedra differential'nykh uravneniy Moskovskogo universiteta.

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S/020/61/140/002/002/023  
C111/C444

16.3500

AUTHOR: Venttsel' T. D.

TITLE: On some quasilinear parabolic systems with growing coefficients

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Doklady, v. 140, no. 2, 1961,  
284-286

TEXT: For the system

$$\epsilon \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \Psi(u, v)}{\partial x}, \quad (2)$$

$$\epsilon \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \Psi(u, v)}{\partial x}$$

the following boundary value problem is considered

$$\begin{aligned} u|_{t=0} &= u_0(x), & v|_{t=0} &= v_0(x) \\ \text{Card } 1/5 & u|_{x=x_1} = u|_{x=x_2} = 0, & v|_{x=x_1} &= v|_{x=x_2} = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

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assuming that (2) converges to a hyperbolic system of first order for  
 $\epsilon \rightarrow 0$ . The equation

$$\varphi_v F_{uu} - (\varphi_u - \psi_v) F_{uv} - \psi_u F_{vv} = 0 \quad (4)$$

is of the same type like (2) for  $\epsilon = 0$ .

Theorem 1: If (4) possesses a solution  $F(u, v)$  such that for all  $u, v$

$$F_{uu} \xi^2 + 2F_{uv} \xi \eta + F_{vv} \eta^2 \geq \mu(u, v)(\xi^2 + \eta^2), \mu > 0 \quad (6)$$

then

$$\int_{x_1}^{x_2} F(u(x, T), v(x, T)) dx \leq \int_{x_1}^{x_2} F(u_0(x), v_0(x)) dx. \quad (7)$$

Let  $B(M) = \max_{\substack{x, t \in R \\ |u|, |v| \leq M}} (|\varphi_n|, |\varphi_v|, |\psi_n|, |\psi_v|),$

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$$B_1(M) = \max_{\substack{x, t \in R \\ |u|, |v| \leq M}} (|D^2 \varphi|, |D^2 \psi|)$$

where  $D^2$  is an arbitrary second derivative

$$f(|u|) = \min_v (\min F(u, v), \min_v F(-u, v)),$$

$$g(|v|) = \min_u (\min F(u, v), \min_u F(u, -v))$$

$$R = R \{ x_1 \leq x \leq x_2, 0 \leq t \leq T \}$$

Theorem 2: The coefficients of (2) and the boundary functions are assumed to satisfy the smoothness conditions of theorem 1 of a former paper of the author (Ref. 1: DAN 117, (1957)). The equation (4) is supposed to have a solution  $F(u, v)$ , satisfying (6) and

$$F(0, 0) = F_u(0, 0) = F_v(0, 0) = 0 \quad (9)$$

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and for which

$$B(M) + MB_1(M) = O(f(\frac{M}{2})), \quad (M)$$

$$B(M) + MB_1(M) = O(g(\frac{M}{2})).$$

Then the problem (2), (3) possesses a solution for all t.

One defines  $\varphi(s)$  to increase like  $|s|^p$ , if

$$k_1 |s|^p \leq |\varphi(s)| \leq k_2 (1 + |s|^p).$$

Theorem 3: Let  $\varphi = \varphi(v)$ ,  $\Psi = \Psi(u)$ , where  $\varphi(s)$  and  $\Psi(s)$  are increasing like  $|s|^p$  and the order of growth decreases by one under differentiation and increases by one under integration. If the coefficients of (2) and the boundary functions of (3) satisfy the smoothness conditions of theorem 1 of (Ref.1), then there exists the solution of (2), (3) for all t.

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On some quasilinear parabolic systems... C111/C444

The author mentions S. D. Eydel'man. There are 3 Soviet-bloc references.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni M. V.  
Lomonosova (Moscow State University imeni M. V. Lomonosov)

PRESENTED: May 4, 1961, by J. G. Petrovskiy, Academician

SUBMITTED: April 25, 1961

Card 5/5

KOLMOGOROV, A.N.; FOMIN, S.V.; VENTSEL', T.D., redaktor; KULAGINA, O.S.,  
redaktor; MOTORINA, I.A., tekhnicheskyy redaktor.

[Elements of the theory of function and functional analysis] Elementy  
teorii funktsii i funktsional'nogo analiza. [Moskva] Izd-vo Moskovsko-  
go univ. No.1 [Metric and normalized spaces] Metricheskie i normiro-  
vannye prostranstva; kurs lektsii. 1954. 153 p. (MIRA 8:4)  
(Spaces, Generalized)

VENTTSEL', T.D.  
OLEYNIK, O.A.; VENTTSEL', T.D.

Cauchy problem and the first boundary value problem for a quasilinear equation of the parabolic type. Dokl. AN SSSR 97 no.4:605-608  
(MLRA 7:9)  
Ag '54.

1. Predstavлено академиком I.G.Petrovskim.  
(Differential equations, Partial)

24(3)

AUTHORS: Brandt, N. P., Venttsel', V. A.

SOV/SC-35-5-1/56

TITLE: The Influence Exercised by Compression From All Sides on the Oscillation of Magnetic Susceptibility in Bismuth at Low Temperatures (Vliyanie vneschennoj zashchity na chtotyayatsiye magnitnoy vospriinchivosti vismuta pri nizkikh temperaturakh)

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1958, Vol 35, Nr 5, pp 1083-1087 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Brandt and others (Refs 1-3) already investigated the influence exercised by pressure on the galvanomagnetic properties of bismuth and discussed the possibility of determining the influence exercised by pressure on the quantum oscillations of magnetic susceptibility and on the de Haas-van Alphen (de Gass - van Alphen) effect ( Refs 1-4). The experiments described by the present paper were carried out in a bomb (Fig 1) according to the method developed by Lazarev and Kan (Ref 7) on monocrystalline very pure Bi-samples. Measurements were carried out at 3 different main orientations of samples. Figure 2 shows the course of 2 more or less damped susceptibility oscillations at 4.2 and 1.4°K and at a pressure of about 1000 atm. The diagrams are made in the coordinates C/H<sup>2</sup> and 1/H.

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COU/SI-21-1-A/56

The Influence Exercised by Compression From All Sides on the Oscillation  
of Magnetic Susceptibility in Bismuth at Low Temperatures

$C/H^2 = \Delta\chi \sin\psi \cos\psi$ , where  $C$  denotes the moment of the force,  $H$  the magnetic field in oersted,  $\Delta\chi$  the anisotropy of magnetic susceptibility, and  $\psi$  the angle between the main crystal axis and  $H$ . The oscillations were recorded at  $\psi = 70^\circ, 170^\circ$  and  $175^\circ$ . A factual diagram (Fig. 3) shows the results of oscillation frequency measurements for various  $\psi$ -values at about 1000 atm in the range  $70^\circ < \psi < 190^\circ$ . The magnetic field strengths used for measurement attained values of up to 13 kOe. The dependence  $E_\beta/\beta$  (cf. the formula derived by D. P. Landau in reference 5) on  $\psi$  shows a distinct maximum at  $\psi = 180^\circ$  whereas the two curves (a, b) calculated according to formulae (Ref. 3) show further maxima (Ref. 3) at about 170 and  $190^\circ$  ( $E_\beta$  = Fermi boundary energy). Figure 4 shows comparative measurements for the dependence  $\Delta S_m/S_m$  on  $\psi$ . As  $E_\beta/\beta$  is proportional to the extremal area of the cross section  $S_m$  of the Fermi surface (1 H. cf. reference 10), also figure 4 shows that the deformation of the Fermi surface in Bi under pressure is not homogeneous (Ref. 4). The phase variation of the  $\Delta\chi$ -oscillations at  $\sim 1000$  atm does not exceed

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SOV/50-35-5-4/56

The Influence Exercised by Compression From All Sides on the Oscillation  
of Magnetic Susceptibility in Rismuth at Low Temperatures

10% and the variation of the anisotropy of the constant part  
of the magnetic susceptibility  $\Delta\chi_o$  does not exceed  $\pm 2\%$   
( $\Delta\chi_o = \chi_{\perp} - \chi_{\parallel}$ ). Finally, the anisotropy of the effective mass  
tensor was investigated for the de Haas-van Alphen-effect,  
and also the Dingle factor and electron concentration were  
investigated. The results obtained by measuring various  
quantities at  $p = 0$  and  $p = 1000$  atm are clearly shown by  
a table. In conclusion, the authors thank N. Ye. Alekseyevskiy  
and A. A. Abrikosov for their interest and advice, and they  
also thank sr. mechanic S. G. Ohruchnikov and Yu. V. Yerofeyev  
for their assistance. There are 4 figures, 1 table, and 13  
references, 10 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet (Moscow State University)  
SUBMITTED: January 24, 1958 (initially) and August 5, 1958 (after revision)

Card 3/3

LIKHTER, A.I.; VENITSEL', V.A.

Hall effect in cerium in a first-order phase transition. *Fiz.tver.*  
tela 4 no.2:485-489 F '62. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Institut fiziki vysokikh davleniy AN SSSR, Moskva.  
(Hall effect) (Cerium)

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ACC NR: AP6032021 SOURCE CODE: UR/0386/66/004/006/0216/0220  
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*P*

AUTHOR: Venttsel', V. A.; Likhter, A. I.; Rudnev, A. V.

ORG: Institute of High-Pressure Physics, Academy of Sciences SSSR (Institut fiziki vysokikh davlenii Akademii nauk SSSR)

TITLE: The de Haas - van Alphen effect in Zinc in pulsed magnetic fields

SOURCE: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki. Pis'ma v redaktsiyu. Prilozheniye, v. 4, no. 6, 1966, 216-220

TOPIC TAGS: zinc, galvanomagnetic effect, Fermi surface

ABSTRACT: The authors investigated the de Haas - van Alphen effect in zinc in pulsed magnetic fields up to 75 kOe, inasmuch as earlier experiments in static magnetic fields up to 30 kOe did not give a sufficiently complete picture of the high-frequency oscillations connected with the large parts of the Fermi surface. The pulsed magnetic field was produced by discharging a 2000  $\mu$ F capacitor bank charged to 2100 v through an inductance coil. A test coil containing the sample was placed in the center of the solenoid and its axis could be rotated  $\pm 30^\circ$  relative to the direction of the magnetic field. Inasmuch as the Fermi surface of zinc is very complicated and has a large number of extremal sections in all directions of the magnetic field a resonance at 33 kcs resonant frequency was used to separate the frequencies connected with each type of Fermi-surface section. A plot of the oscillation frequency against the direction of the magnetic field is obtained for the planes

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(10̄10) and (11̄20) of Zn, and the possible Fermi-surface sections and configurations corresponding to each frequency are discussed. It is stipulated, however, that in view of the complexity of the Fermi surface of zinc, the proposed interpretation may not be fully unambiguous. The authors thank L. F. Vereshchagin for interest in the work and A. P. Kochkin for valuable discussions during the interpretation of the results. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 24Jun66/ ORIG REF: 001/ OTH REF: 006

Card 2/2 b1g

VENTTSEL', Yelena Sergeyevna; BAYEVA, A.P., red.; LACHENKO, V.V.,  
red.

[Theory of probability] Teoriia veroyatnostei. Izd.3., ispr.  
Moskva, Nauka, 1964. 576 p. (MIRA 18:3)

KANTOR, M.M., kand.tekhn.nauk; SERPIK, N.M., inzh.; VENTSKOVSKIY, Z.L.,  
inzh.; MERKULOVICH, V.A., inzh.

Investigating causes of wear of transmission gear boxes of  
the D-265 motor grader. Stroi.i dor.mashinostr. 4 no.12:  
17-19 D '59. (MIRA 13:3)  
(Road machinery--Transmission devices)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION 630

Ventsel', Yelena Sergeyevna

Teoriya veroyatnostey (Theory of Probabilities) Moscow, Gos. izd-vo fiziko-matematicheskoy lit-ry, 1958. 464 p. 15,000 copies printed.

Ed.: Razumovskaya, A.P.; Tech. Ed.: Gavrilov, S.S.

PURPOSE: The book is designed for readers interested in the applications of the probability theory in general and particularly in the theory of gunnery. It can be very useful for specialists in ground, antiaircraft and naval artillery. The book may also be of interest to engineers in different fields where the application of probability theory is necessary.

COVERAGE: The content of the book is based on lectures on the probability theory delivered to students of the Voyenno-vozdushnaya inzhenernaya akademiya imeni N. Ye. Zhukovskogo (Air Force Engineering Academy imeni N. Ye. Zhukovskiy) and on the textbook on the same subject which the author published in 1952. The first four chapters of this book contain basic concepts of the

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Theory of Probabilities

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probability theory and the basic theorems. The next five chapters cover the theory of random variables, and their distributions, and of systems of random variables and their distribution. Chapters 10, 11 and 12 deal with the functions of random variables, and the distribution and linearization of such functions. In chapters 13 and 14 the limiting theorems of the probability theory are considered and mathematical processing of trial or observation results is presented. In the last three chapters the basic concepts of the theory of random functions and their canonical expansion are introduced. Stationary random functions and their spectral expansions and transformations are studied. In the introduction the author thanks Professors Ye. B. Dynkin and V.S. Pugachev for their aid in preparing the book. There are 9 Soviet references (including one translation).

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Theory of Probability

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Appendix I. Tables

Appendix II. Distribution charts according to Markov's and Erlang's Law

References

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AVAILABLE: Library of Congress (Serials Dept.)

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15-16

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VENTURA, Eduard

Appearance of ground inversions over Budapest. Orsz meteor  
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VENTURATOS, G. Piece work in equipment mechanics. p. 3.

Vol. 9, no. 367, Jan. 1957.

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So: East European Accession, Vol. 6, No. 5, May 1957

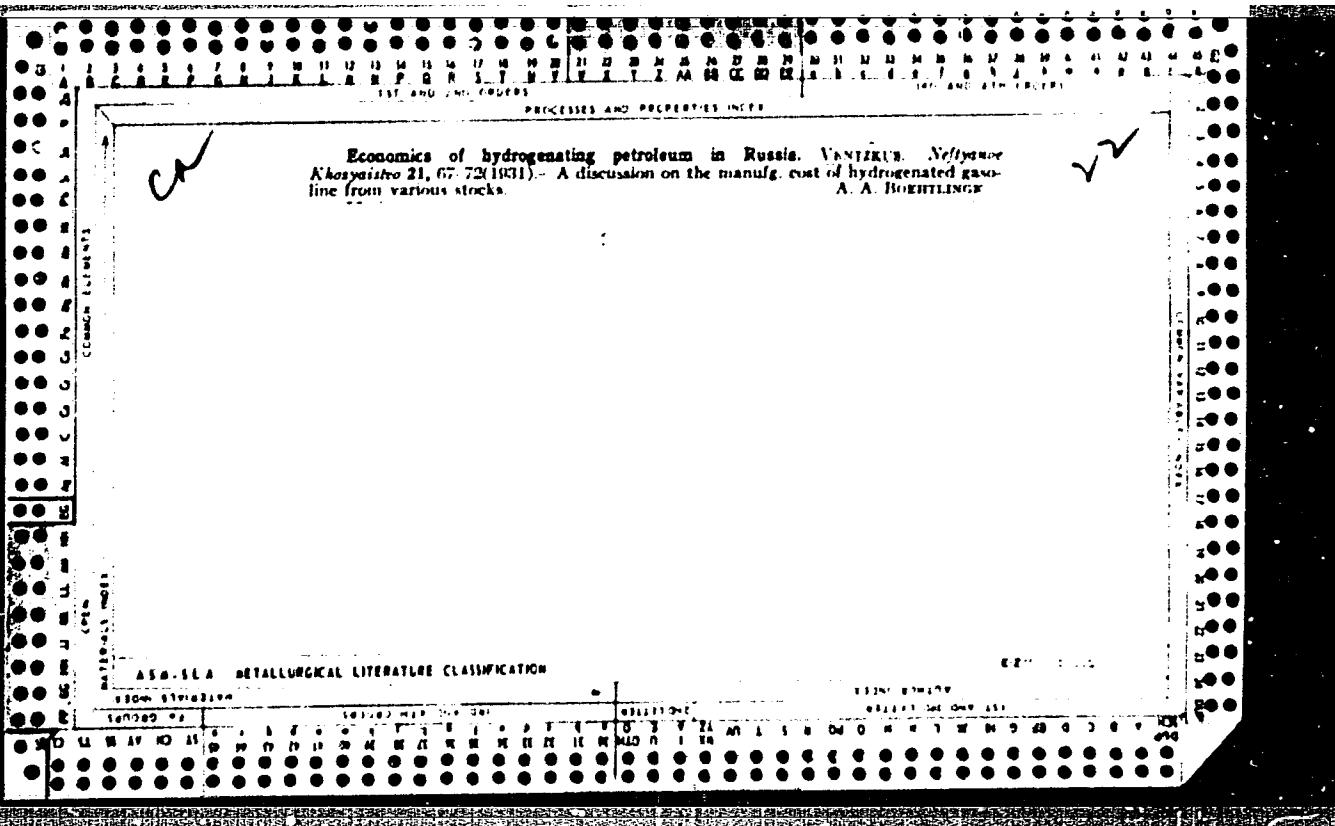
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"Theory of the Eötvös Torsion balance," Sborn. referatov, i perevodov na statelye po  
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Questions], 1913.

SUBJECT USSR/MATHEMATICS/Differential equations CARD 1/1 PG - 734  
AUTHOR OLEJNIK O.A., VENTZELJ T.D.  
TITLE The first boundary value problem and the Cauchy problem for  
quasilinear equations of parabolic type.  
PERIODICAL Mat.Sbornik,n.Ser. 41, 105-128 (1957)  
reviewed 5/1957

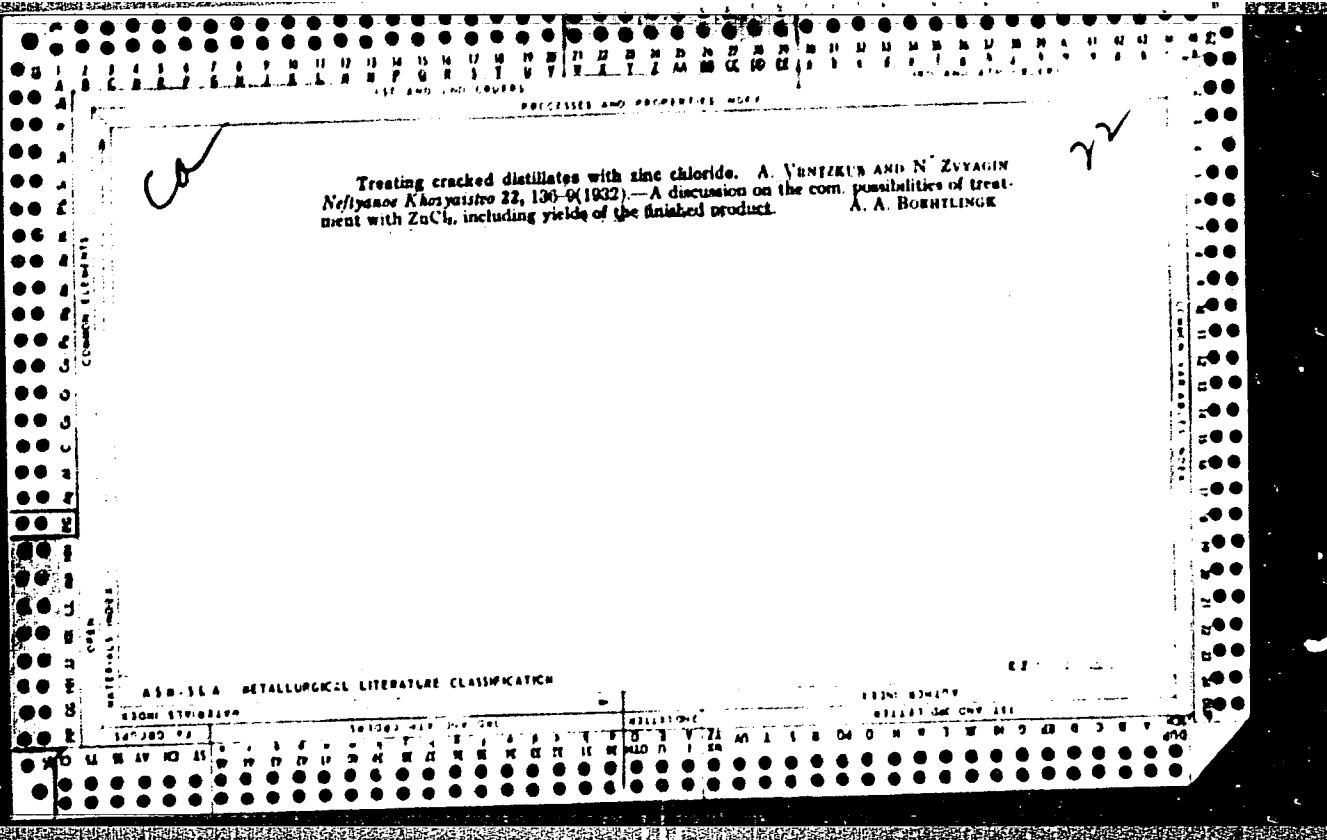
The present paper contains the proofs, the elaboration and some generalizations  
of the author's announcements in Doklady Akad.Nauk 27, 605-608 (1954).

INSTITUTION: Moscow.



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(United States--Cotton growing) (Cotton growing--  
United States)

VENIN, V.M.

Geography & Geology

(Panama and the Panama Canal) Moskva, Geografiz, 1951.

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VENIN, V.N.; OKUNEVA, M.A.; redaktor; KUMKES, S.N., redaktor; KOSHELEVVA, S.M.,  
tekhnicheskiy redaktor

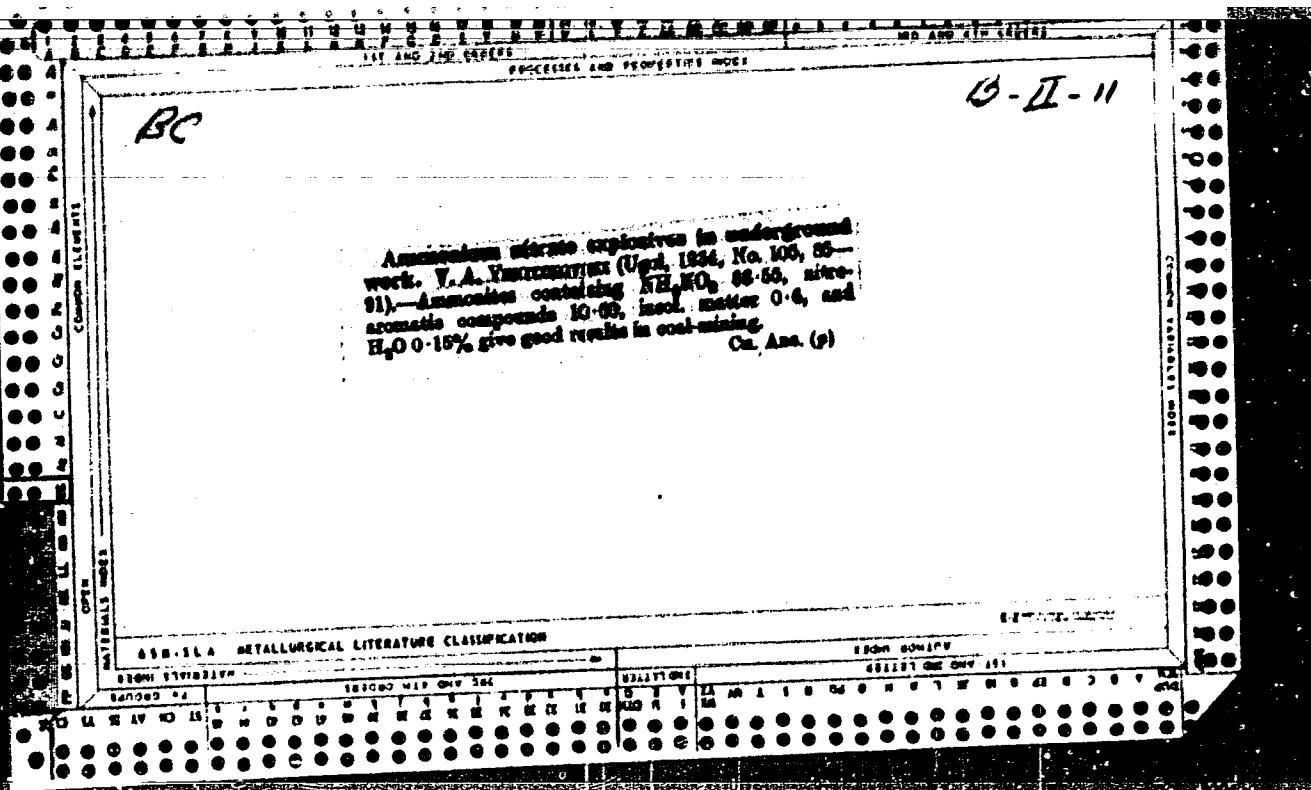
[Guatemala] Gvatemala. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo geogr. lit-ry, 1954.  
(MLRA 7:8)  
91 p. (Guatemala--Description and travel)

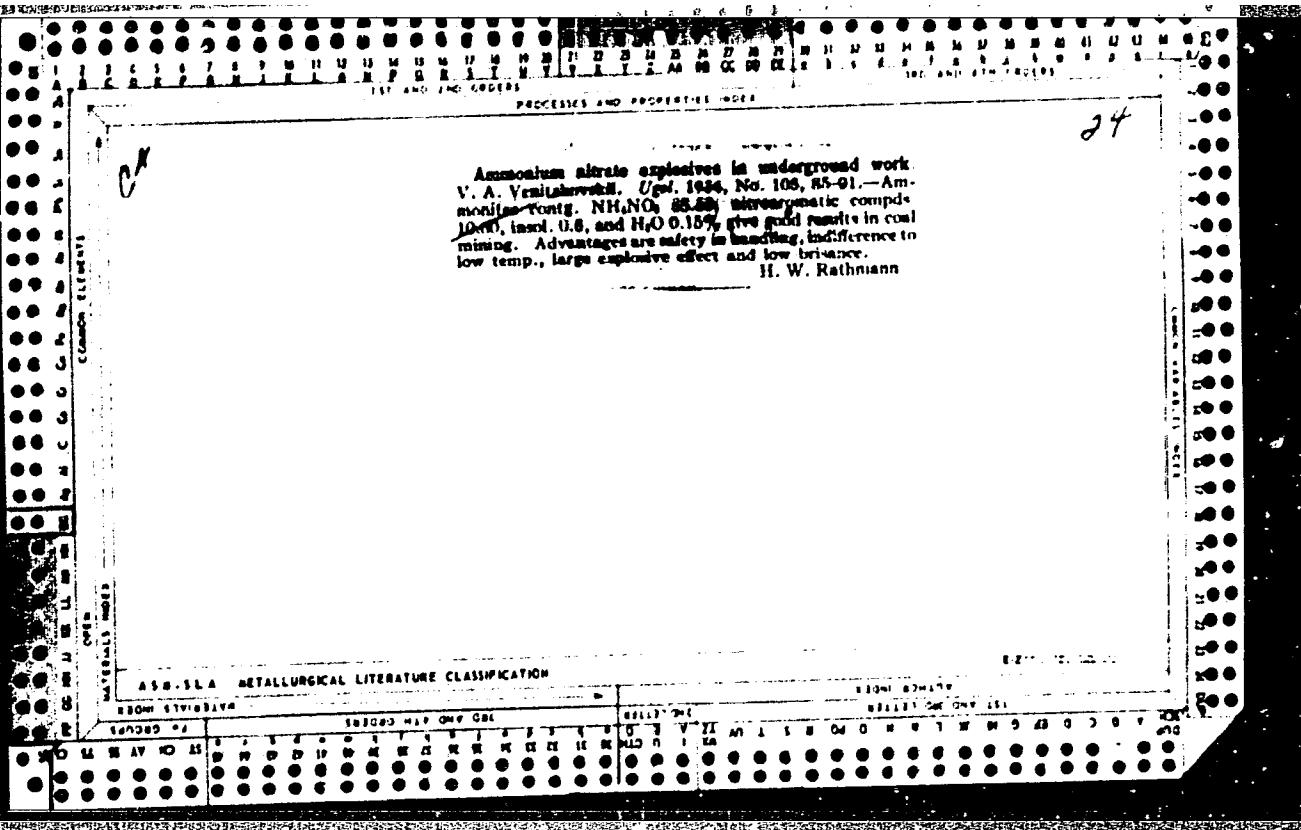
VENIN, V. M.

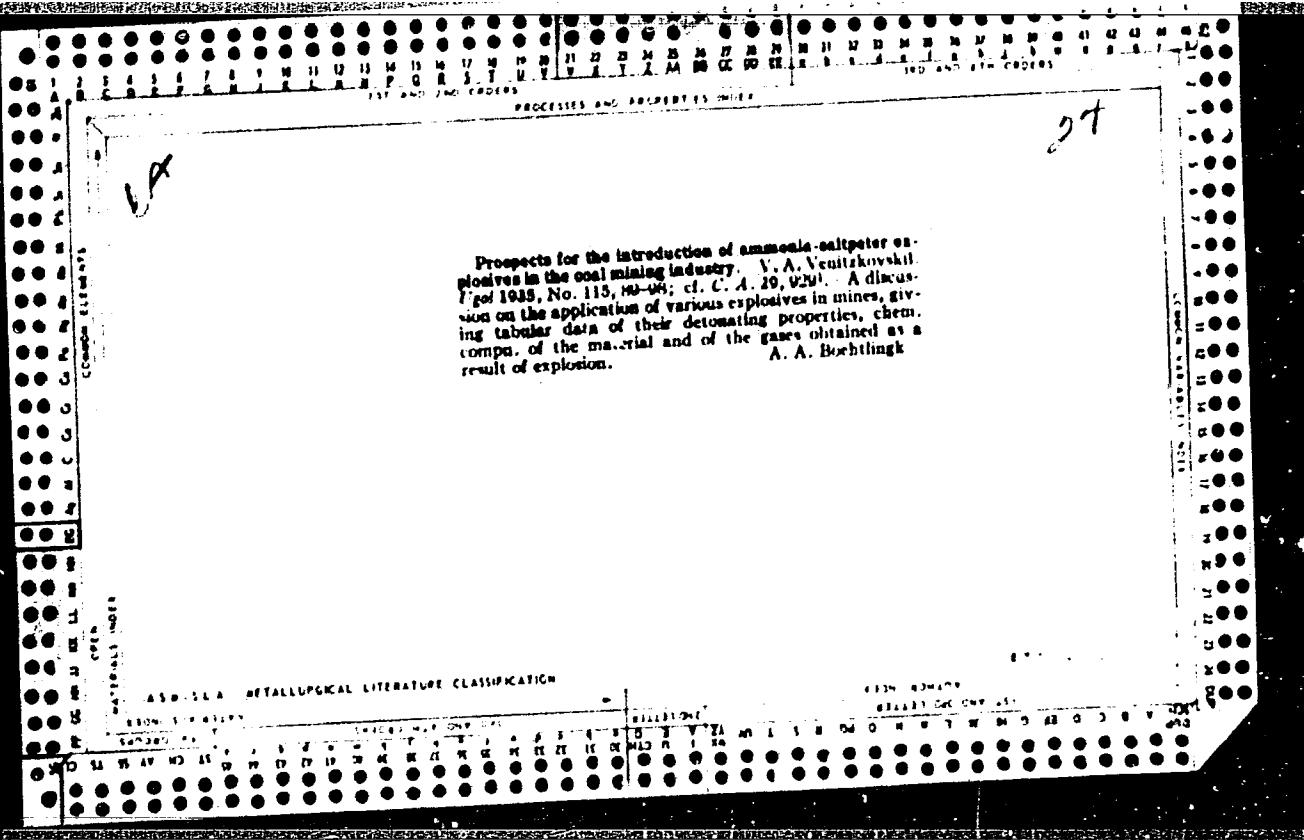
Gvatemala [Guatemala] Moskva, Gos. Izd-vo Geograficheskoy Lit., 1954.

91 p. Illus., maps, tables.

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VENIYAMINOV, S. I.

USSR/Radio Receivers, Superheterodyne Jun 1947  
Vacuum Tubes, Receiving

"Salyut," S. I. Veniyaminov, N. A. Toffis, 4 pp

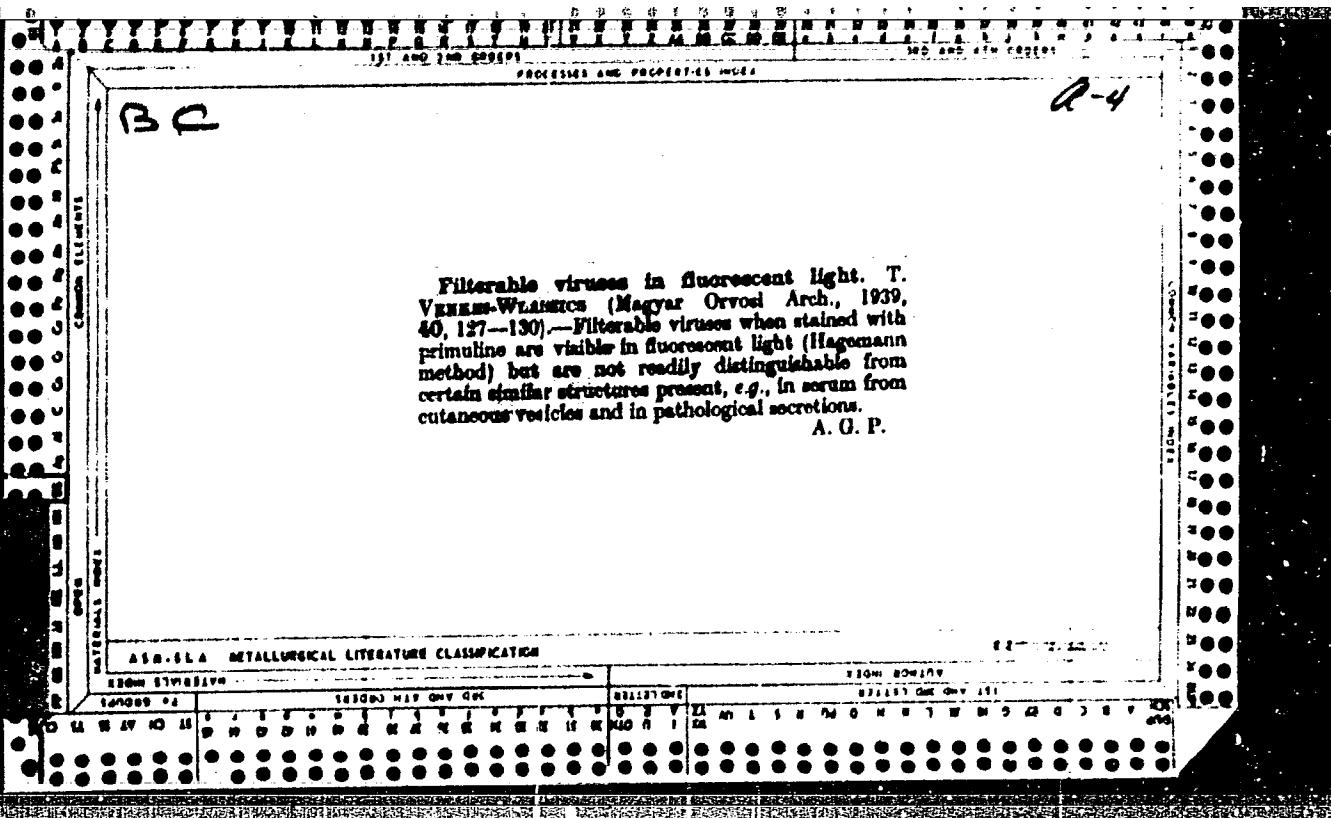
"Radio" Vol XX, No 6

Description of a five-tube superheterodyne radio receiver using alternating current of 110, 127 and 220 volts. Speaker output 2 watts. The receiver has five bands, long wave 750 - 2,000 meters, medium wave 200 - 545 meters, and short wave 25 - 70 meters, as well as 25 - 19 meters. Tubes used are: 6A8, 6K7, 6G7, 6F6 and 5T4S. Dynamic power of the receiver is 3 watts.

23T95

The filterable viruses in fluorescent light. Their  
method of Hagemann (C. A. 32, 2545) does not dis-  
tinguish between filterable viruses and artifacts normally  
present in some organs.  
B. Borek

ASB-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION



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FILE DATE: 06/0033/63/007/01/0032/039

AUTHOR: Ventura, Eduard  
ORG: none 4455

TITLE: Characteristics of the low-level temperature inversions over Budapest

SOURCE: Idojaras, v. 69, no. 3, 1965, 32-39

TOPIC TAGS: climatology, climatic condition, atmospheric temperature, temperature inversion, planetary boundary layer.

ABSTRACT: Temperature inversions occurring in the 3-kilometer atmospheric layer over Budapest were investigated during the period between Oct 1962 and Mar 1964. The principal characteristics of the inversions observed, such as seasonal and daily alternation, the diurnal temperature gradient, the vertical drift, etc., were determined. The frequency and duration of the permanent inversions were studied in detail. The diurnal variation of the cloud cover appears to have no effect on the frequency and duration of inversions. Both strong winds and the absence of wind influence the increased inversion frequency. The day-night alternation in the atmosphere was investigated as a function of temperature inversion frequency and intensity. Grig. art. has: 4 figures and 5 tables. [CPRS]

SUB CODE: 02 / SUBM DATE: 25-JAN-65 / ORIG REP: DOI / CT: REV. 1

OC  
Card 1/1

ACC NR: AP6034334

SOURCE CODE: HU/0033/66/000/005/0285/0293

AUTHOR: Ventura, E.

ORG: none

TITLE: Relationship of inversions to air pollution

SOURCE: Idojaras, no. 5, 1966, 285-293

TOPIC TAGS: micrometeorology, temperature inversion, air pollution, atmospheric pollution, surface boundary layer, wind

ABSTRACT: Temperature inversions were observed over Hungary during the five years from 1960 through 1964 in the atmospheric surface boundary layer (to 3000 m) with radiosondes (at 0000, 0600, 1200, and 1800 hr GMT). Temperature inversions were considered to exist when the lapse rate was less than 0.1C/100 m. The distribution and relative frequency of inversion occurrences were noted by months and times of ascents. Inversions were found to be most frequent in the winter and at night. Occurrences of low cloud ceilings and total cloud cover on days with inversions and free of inversions were compared. It was established that clear skies favored the development of inversions, but turbulent clouds often appeared with inversions. The frequency distribution of wind directions during days with and without inversions indicated that

Card 1/2

ACC NR: AP6034334

easterly winds were dominant during inversions and westerly winds during inversion-free days. Light winds were more frequent during inversions and stronger winds during inversion-free periods, but the development of inversions did not require complete calm. The stable stratification of the air which occurs during an inversion favors increased air pollution in the inversion layer. A. Simon, who studied air pollution over Budapest in 1961-1963, showed that air pollution increased steadily during this period. He observed that this increase occurred chiefly with easterly winds. The frequency of easterly winds (NNE to SSE) was measured from 1961-1963 at the observatory, and found to increase from 38% in 1961 to 47% in 1963; this increase was accompanied by a similar increase in inversion frequency. Orig. art, has: 4 figures and 5 tables.  
[W.A. '50]

SUB CODE: 04/ SUBM DATE: none

Card 2/2

VENTURA, J.

SURNAME, Given Names

⑦

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees:

Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Resources (MZLVH: Ministerstvo

Affiliation: zemedelstvi, lesniho a vodniho hospodarstvi) Prague

Source: Prague, Veterinarstvi, Vo. 11, No 8, Aug 1961; pp 281-283

Data: "The Law on Veterinary Care: Improve Animal Production and Prevent Losses"

JELINEK, Josef /DVM, Veterinary Committee (Veterinarni odbor) MZLVH  
VENTURA, J., /LJD, Legislative-Judicial Department (Legislativni a pravne oddeleni) MZLVH

GPO 981643

CHIN, Y.Ch.; WU, Y.Y.; SKOWRONSKA-SERAFIN, B.; URBANSKI, T.; VENULET, J.;  
JAKIMOWSKA, K.

Antimalarial properties of some derivatives of phenylamidineurea. Bul  
chim PAN 8 no.3:109-112 '60. (EEAI 10:9/10)

1. Institute of Materia Medica, Academy of Medical Sciences, Peking,  
Dept. of Organic Technology, Warsaw, Technical University and Drug  
Research Institute, Warsaw. Presented by T. Urbanski.

(Antimalarials) (Phenylamidinourea)

VENULET, J. ; SKOWRONSKA-SERAFIMOWA, B.

Chemical constitution and biological activity. p. 597.

WIADOMOSCI CHEMICZNE. (Polskie Towarzystwo Chemiczne)  
Wroclaw, Poland.  
Vol. 9, no. 12, Dec. 1955.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAJ) LC, Vol. 9, no. 2, Feb. 1960

Uncl.

DESPERAK-HACIAZEK, Anna; VENULET, Jan

Effect of a pyrogen from *E. coli* on tissue oxidation and on the activity of certain enzymatic systems in liver cells. *Acta physiol. polon.* 11 no. 4:623-633 '60.

1. Z Zakladu Farmakologii Instytutu Lekow w Warszawie. Kierownik:  
doc.dr. J. Venulet.

(*ESCHERICHIA COLI*)  
(*LIVER pharmacol*)  
(*PYROGENS pharmacol*)

JANOWIEC, M.; JAKIMOWSKA, K.; VENULET, J.

Pharmacological and chemotherapeutic properties of ethyl aceto-acetate isonicotinoylhydrazone. Acta physiol.polon. 11 no.5/6:  
738-739 '60.

1. Z Zakladu Farmakologii Instytutu Lekow w Warszawie. Kierownik:  
doc.dr J.Venulet.  
(ISONIAZID rel cpds)

URBANSKI, Tadeusz; SERAFINOWA, Barbara; GUSTOWSKI, Włodzimierz;  
VENULET, Jan; JAKIMOWSKA, Krystyna; JANOWIEC, Mieczysław

Anti-tuberculous properties of ethyl acetoacetate isonicotinoylhydrazone (T-428). Gruzlica 28 no.12:955-960 D '60.

1. Z Katedry Technologii Organicznej II Politechniki Warszawskiej  
Kierownik: prof.dr T.Urbanski i z Zakladu Farmakologii Instytutu  
Lekow, Kierownik: doc.dr J.Venulet.  
(ISONIAZID rel cpds)

COUNTRY : France  
CATEGORY : General properties of antigenic substances  
ABSTRACT JOURN. : REBiol., No. 12 1958, No. 5624b  
AUTHOR : Lauer, A., Venet, R.  
INST. :  
TITLE : Disturbances of Rhythm of Contraction of Ciliary Epithelium in Sensitization  
ORIG. PUB. : Med. Biomed. i Mikrobiol., 1957, Vol.9, No.5,  
329-332  
ABSTRACT : In frogs sensitized to horse serum (HS), changes in the rate of contraction of the cilia of the oesophagus were seen only upon direct application of HS to the epithelium; the phenomenon was rapidly expressed following introduction of HS into the stomach or heart. 0.1 solution of histamine also retarded the rhythm of contraction weakly. It is probable that, in allergic diseases at the time of an attack of such changes in the ciliary epithelium, the difficulty is due to inability to free the respiratory passages of mucus. - From the author's resume.

CARD: 171

VENULET, F.; LAUSZ, H.

Effect of sensitization on ciliated epithelium in frog. Acta physiol.  
volon. 8 no.3:558-559 1957.

1. Z Zakladu Patologii Ogolnej A. M. w Lodzi Kierownik: prof. dr.  
F. Venulet.

(EPITHELIUM, physiology,  
ciliated, eff. of sensitization in frog (Pol))

(ALLERGY, experimental,  
eff. of sensitization on ciliated epithelium in frog (Pol))

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001859410020-1

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001     CIA-RDP86-00513R001859410020-1"

VENULET, F.

Pathogenesis of peptic ulcer with special reference to the cerebral cortex, to the adrenal cortex, to vitamin C, and to smoking. Polski tygod. lek. 8 no.15:553-556 13 Apr 1953. (CLML-24:5)

1. Of the Institute of General Pathology (Head--Prof. F. Venulet, M.D.) of Lodz Medical Academy.

VENULET, Franciszek

Consequences of vitamin C deficiency in smokers. Polskie  
arch. med. wewn. 26 no.3:393-402 1956.

l. Z Zakladu Patologii Ogolnej A.M. w Lodzi Kierownik: prof.  
dr. med. F. Venulet, Lodz, Narutowicza 60.  
(SMOKING, injurious effects,  
vitamin C metab. disord. (Pol))  
(VITAMIN C, metabolism,  
disord. in smokers (Pol))

VENULET, F.; MASLINSKI, CZ.

The effect of liver diet on the course of experimental tuberculosis.  
Med. doswiad. mikrob., Warsz. 4 no. 3:411 1952. (CLML 23:3)

1. Summary of work progress presented at 11th Congress of Polish  
Microbiologists held in Krakow May 1951. 2. Lods.

IAUSZ, Helena; VENULET, Franciszek

Disorders of ciliary movement in sensitization. Med. dosw. mikrob.  
9 no.3:325-330 1957.

1. Z Zakladu Patologii Ogolnej Akademii Medycznej w Lodzi Kierownik:  
prof. dr nauk med. F. Venulet.

(ALLERGY, experimental,  
esophageal ciliary movement disord. (Pol))

(ESOPHAGUS, physiology,  
ciliary movements in exper. allergy (Pol))

VENULET, Franciszek; DANYSEK, Andrzej.

Effect of tobacco smoking of vitamin C level in human milk.  
Pediatria polska 31 no.9:811-817 Sept 55.

1. Z Zakladu Patologii Ogolnej A.M. w Lodz. Kierownik:  
prof. dr. med. F.Venulet. Lodz, Zaklad Patologii Ogolnej A.M.

(VITAMIN C

in human milk, eff. of smoking in breast feeding)

(SMOKING, effects

on vitamin C level in human milk in breast feeding)

(MILK, HUMAN

vitamin C level, eff. of smoking in breast feeding)

(INFANT NUTRITION

eff. of smoking on vitamin C level in milk in  
breast feeding)

VENULET, F.; LAUSZ, H.

The influence of tobacco smoke on the level of Vitamin C in the internal organs of experimental frogs. Acta physiol. polon. 3 Suppl. 3: (CIML 24:1) 255-256 1952.

1. Of the Institute of Experimental Pathology (Head--Prof. Fr. Venulet, M.D.) of Lodz Medical Academy.

VENULET, F.; MOSKWA.

Effect of tobacco smoke on systemic vitamin C level. Polski tygod.  
lek. 7 no. 11-12:281-286 24 Mar 1952. (CML 22:4)

1. Of the Institute of General Pathology (Head--Prof. F. Venulet,  
M. D.) of Lodz Medical Academy.

VENULET, F.

PHYSIOPATHOLOGY OF THE BRAIN AND NERVOUS SYSTEMS Vol. 2, No. 2, May 1955

The following table shows the results of treatment of 100 patients with 1000 mg. of streptomycin daily for 14 days. The patients were divided into two groups: group I was treated with 1000 mg. of streptomycin daily for 14 days; group II was not treated. After 14 days all the patients of group I showed a marked improvement of infection, whereas all the patients of group II did not improve. In the range of the control group the patients did not improve. The authors suggested that the course of the disease in the patients of group I was shorter than in the patients suffering from tuberculosis.

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

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VENULET, F.; DANYSZ, A.

Effect of tobacco smoke on ascorbic acid in human milk. Acta physiol.  
polon. 5 no.4:646 1954.

1. Z Zakladu Patologii Ogolnej Akademii Medycznej w Lodz. Kierownik:  
prof. dr F.Venulet.

(VITAMIN C, metabolism,

milk, human, eff. of smoking)

(MILK, HUMAN, metabolism,

vitamin C, eff. of smoking)

(SMOKING, effects,

milk vitamin C)

VENULET, F.

Pathogenesis of diarrhea in Graves-Basedow's disease. Polski  
tygod. lek. 5 no.3:81-83 16 Ja '50. (CLML 19:3)

1. Of the Institute for General and Experimental Pathology, Lodz  
University (Head -- Prof. Franciszek Venulet, M.D.).

VENULET, F.; KADLUBOWSKI, R.

Antihistamine action of bile. Polski tygod.lek. 5 no.6:201-204  
6 F '50. (CLML 19:3)

1. Of the Institute for General and Experimental Pathology, Lodz  
University (Head -- Prof. F.Venulet, M.D.).

VENULET, F.

VENULET, F. ; LAUSZ, H.

"Decrease of Vitamin C in Frog Organs under the Action under the action of Tobacco  
Smoke." p. 351 (Acta Physiologica Polonica. Vol. 4, no. 4, 1953 Warszawa.)

Vol. 3, no. 6

SO: Monthly List East European Accessions, /Library of Congress, June 1954, Vncl.

*Car*

The role of sympathetic nerve in hyperglycemia after an intravenous injection of colloidal silver. P. Vassilar. Med. Biologicka i Specalna 11, 344-7 (244 French) (1930). Adrenaline injected into the circulation at intervals of 30 min during 3 hrs. leads in dog, after an intravenous injection of colloidal Ag, 1 h 20 hrs. after the beginning of the expt to a state of extreme sympathetic tonus. The post-adrenaline curve does not change its usual character in control dogs. J. Kukka

11 H

VENULET, Franciszek; MAJCHERSKI, Tadeusz, Lodz, ul. Zeromskiego 46. m. 8

Functional disturbances of the adreno-pituitary system caused by  
tobacco smoke. Polski tygod. lek. 10 no.1:6-7 3 Jan 55.

1. Z Zakladu patol ogolnej A.M.w Lodzi; kier. prof. dr. F.Venulet  
(ADRENAL CORTEX, physiology  
adreno-pituitary system disord. caused by tobacco smoke  
in mice)  
(PITUITARY GLAND, physiology  
adreno-pituitary system disord., caused by tobacco smoke  
in mice)  
(TOBACCO, injurious effects  
tobacco smoke causing disord. of adreno-pituitary system  
funct. in mice)

VENULET, J.

Dr. Daniel Bovet, Nobel Prize winner for the year 1957. p. 235. Materials on the development of the Polish biochemistry from the year 1951; supplements. B. Scientific institutes; the Biochemical Laboratory of the Fodder Section of the Zootechnic Institute at Pulawy. p. 239.

POSTE PY BIOCHEMI. (Polska Akademia Nauk. Komitet Bichemiczny)  
Warszawa. Vol. 4, no. 2, 1958  
Poland/

Monthly List of East European Accessions Index (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, no. 6, June 1959  
Uncl.

URBANSKI, T.; SKOWRONSKA-SERAFIN, B.; STEFANIAK, L.; VENULET, J.; JANOWIEC, M.:  
JAKIMOWSKA, K.; URBANSKA, A.

On iso-nicotinoylhydrazone of ethyl acetylacetate and its anti-  
tuberculous activity. Bul Ac Pol chim. 6 no.8:475-479 '58.  
(HEAL 9:6)

1. Institute of Tuberculosis, Warsaw. Technical University  
(Politechnika), Warsaw. Communicated by T.Urbanski.  
(Isonicotinoylhydrazone) (Ethyl acetoacetate)  
(Tuberculosis)

JANOWIEC, Mieczyslaw; VENULET, Jan

Treatment of tuberculosis by the association of antibacterial drugs  
also enhancing tissue permeability. Gruzlica 27 no.5:365-373 My '59.

1. Z Zakladu Farmakologii Instytutu Lekow w Warszawie. Kierownik:  
dr med. J. Venulet.  
(ANTITUBERCULAR AGENTS pharmacol.)  
(PERMEABILITY pharmacol.)

VENULET, Jan; WOJCIK, Ryszard

Basic methods of statistical analysis of biological problems.  
Postepy biochem.6 no.1:83-113 '60.

(STATISTICS)

(BIOLOGY)

*CA**III*

**Pharmacological properties of a new amidone derivative** J. Supniewski and J. Venakut (Univ. Jagiellonska, Krakow, Poland). *Polish *Trudy Farmaceutyczne*, Krakow, Lekarki*, **10**, No. 8, 30 pp. 1949. The synthesis of the new analgesic which shows less toxicity than amphetamine and has a stronger action than dolantin has been accomplished. *isoniazide + ethylene oxide → C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>*

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{isoniazide} & & \text{PhCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NHCN} \\ \text{Ph}(\text{CH}_2)\text{OH} & \xrightarrow{\text{ethen}} & \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{N}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{Cl}^- \\ & & \text{heat} \\ \text{Ph}_2\text{C}(\text{CN})(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NC}_6\text{H}_5 & & \end{array}$$

Grignard reaction and hydrolysis give  $\text{Ph}_2\text{C}(\text{C}\overset{\text{O}}{\parallel}\text{C}_6\text{H}_5)(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NC}_6\text{H}_5$ . The acid whose HBr salt crystallizes in 39% yield.

CA

IIH

The effect of heteroauxins on bacteria, plants, and animals. Jan Venulek (Univ. Jagiellonski, Krakow, Poland). *Polski Tom Etiopatologii Rzepawy Wydawnictwo Lekarskie*, 10, No. 9, 19 pp. (1949). The action of 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid and α-naphthoxyacetic acid on bacteria is very limited. However, both compds. strongly affect the growth of plant cells, elongating stem cells, sometimes causing degeneration. In animals (mouse and frog) the toxicity level is high; the compds. cause slowing of heart rate and rise in blood pressure. T. Z. R.

VENULET J.

Antihistamines. Polski tygod. lek. 6 no.20:682-686 14 May 1951.  
(CLML 21:1)

1. Of the Institute of Experimental Pharmacology (Head -- Prof.  
Piotr Kubikowski, M.D.) of the Medical Academy in Warsaw.

VENULET, J.

Pharmacologic properties of salicylhydroxamic acid. Gruzlica,  
Warsz. 19 no. 5:590-597 Sept-Oct. 1951. (CLML 21:3)

1. Of the Institute of Pharmacology (Head--Prof. Kubikowski, M., D.)  
of Warsaw Medical Academy and of the Pharmacological Laboratory of  
Institute of Tuberculosis (Director--Docent Prof. J. Misiewicz,  
M. D.), Warsaw.

HERR, F.; NYIRI, M.; VENULET, J.

Studies on the mode of analgesic action of morphine and morphine derivatives. Acta physiol. hung. 3 no.1:199-208 1952. (CLML 24:3)

1. Of the Institute of Pharmacology of Budapest University. 2. Presented at a meeting of the Hungarian Physiological Society in Debrecen 1951. J. Venulet is from the Institute of Pharmacology, Warsaw. In Budapest on a scholarship of the Polish Ministry of Health.

VENULET, J.

The influence of sodium salt of 2,4 dichlorphenoxyacetic acid on carbohydrate metabolism. Acta physiol. polon. 3 Suppl. 3; 267-269 1952.  
(CLML 24:1)

1. Of the Institute of Experimental Pharmacology (Head--Prof. P. Kubikowski, M.D.) of Warsaw Medical Academy.

*Venulet, J.*

JAKIMOWSKA, K.; JANOWIEC, M.; KAMIENSKA, I.; SLOPEK, ST.; VENULET, J.

Some pharmacological and chemotherapeutical properties of the sodium salt of alphanaphthoxyacetic acid. Acta physiol. polon. 3 Suppl. 3. 269-272 1952. (CLML 24:1)

1. Of the Institute of Tuberculosis (Head--Prof. J. Misiewicz, M.D.) and of the Institute of Pharmacology (Head--Prof. P. Kubikowski, M.D.) of Warsaw Medical Academy and of the Institute of Microbiology of Bokitnica Medical Academy. 2. Inhibitory action on Mycobacteria tuberculosis.

URBANSKI, T; SERAFINOWA, B; MALINOWSKI, S; SLOPEK, S; KAMIENSKA, I; VENULET, J;  
JAKIMOWSKA, K.

Research on new drugs for the treatment of tuberculosis. Gruzlica,  
Warsz. 20 no.2:157-170; contd. Mar-Apr 1952. (CLML 22:3)

1. Of the Department of Chemotherapy of the Institute of Tuberculosis  
(Director--Prof. J. Misiewicz, M. D.).

URBANSKI, T.; SERAFINOWA, B.; MALINOWSKI, S.; SLOPEK, S. KAMIENSKA I.; VENULET, J.; JAKIMOWSKA, K.

Research on new drugs in the treatment of tuberculosis; thiosemicarbazones. Gruzlica, Warsz. 20 no.3:292-302; concl. May-June 1952.  
(CML 23:2)

l. Of the Chemical Laboratory of the Institute of Tuberculosis (Director  
--Prof. J. Misiewicz, M.D.), Warsaw.

VENULET, J.

Studies on the effect of sodium salt of 2,4-dichlorophenoxy-acetic acid on carbohydrate metabolism. Pat. polska 4 no.1:1-33 Jan-Mar 1953.  
(CML 24:5)

1. Of the Institute of Experimental Pharmacology (Head--Prof. P. Kubikowski, M. D.) of Warsaw Medical Academy.

VENUE T. J.

Zakl. farmakol. doswiadc., Akad. med., Warszawa. "Badania nad wplywem soli sodowej kwasu 2, 4-dwuchlorofenoksyoctowego na gospodarke we glowodanowa. Effect of the Na salt of 2:4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid on carbohydrate metabolism PATOL. POLSKA 1953, 4/1 (1-34) Graphs 7 Tables 2

This compound (I) has little effect on the course of alloxan diabetes in rabbits, if the blood sugar is high. If it is less marked I lowers the sugar level in a few hours. I in doses of 0.2 mg. distinctly lessens the oxygen consumption in fatty liver tissue. The respiration of liver, kidney, brain and muscle pulp undergoes no changes. The basal metabolism of rats after a s.c. injection of I (dose 20 mg./kg.) exhibits a retardation. After the initial fall in the metabolism, a transient and insignificant rise follows, after which a fall is again observed. The glycogen content of the liver of rats undergoes a distinct increase under the influence of I. The glycogen level in the muscles shows no similar phenomenon. Long continued administration of I causes marked hypoglycaemia in rats, together with a fall in the blood uric acid and a marked leucocytosis. I impedes the formation of cortical hormones. Together with this there is an increase in the activity of the islet apparatus in the pancreas as an accompanying phenomenon. Both humoral activities supplement to a certain extent the no less essential factor of the stimulating action of I on the cholinergic system. Wehr - Warsaw

SO: EXERPTA MEDICA, Section II Vol. 7 No. 11  
/1

VENULET, J.; JAKIMOWSKA, K.

Iron content in the pituitary. Polski tygod. lek. 8 no.16:585-586  
20 Apr 1953. (CIML 24:5)

1. Of the Institute of Experimental Pharmacology (Head--Prof. P.  
Kubikowski, M.D.) of Warsaw Medical Academy.

VENULET JAN

VENULET, Jan; URBANSKA, Alicja

Effect of histamine and of antihistaminics on function of the  
reticuloendothelial system. Acta physiol. polon. 5 no.2:187-190  
1954.

*Pharm. Lab. Inst. Tuberkol. - Dr. med.*  
1. Z Pracowni Farmakologicznej Instytutu Gruszczy. Dyr. Instytutu:  
prof. dr J. Misiewicz. 2. Z Zakladu Farmakologii Doswiadczaalnej  
Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie. Kierownik: prof. dr P. Kubikowski.

(HISTAMINE, effects,

on RE system)

(ANTIHISTAMINICS, effects,

on RE system)

(RETICULOENDOTHELIAL SYSTEM, effect of drugs on,

antihistaminics & histamine)

*Acta Physiologica Polonica. 5. Head. Med. Wiedawy 1954*

PORSZASZ, J.; VENULET, J.; GIBISZER-PORSZASZ, K.

Hung. 1914257  
Studies on synergism of analgesics; effect of doryl and physostigmine  
on the distribution of dolantin in the organism. Acta physiol. hung.  
5 no.3-4:509-519 1954.

1. Pharmakologisches Institut der Medizinischen Universität,  
Budapest. (Eingegangen am 15 Juli 1953)

(MEPERIDINE, metab.

\*eff. of choline chloride carbamate & physostigmine in rats)  
(CHOLINE, deriv.

\*choline chloride carbamate, eff. on meperidine metab. in  
rats)

(PHYSOSTIGMINE, eff.

\*on meperidine metab. in rats)

VENULET, J.

GAVECKA, I.; VENULET, J.; WOJNAROWSKA, M.; ZAKRZEWSKI, K.

Sulfonated dextran with heparin-like action. Acta physiol. polon.  
5 no.4:648-649 1954.

1. Z Instytutu Hematologii w Warszawie. Dyrektor: dr. I.Trojanowski.  
Z Instytutu Lekow w Warszawie. Dyrektor: prof. dr P.Kubikowski.

(DEXTRAN,

sulfone-treated prep., heparin-like eff.)

(SULFONES, effects,  
on dextran, heparin-like eff. of sulfonated dextran)

VENULET, JAN  
VENULET, Jan

Effect of certain drugs on body temperature. Acta physiol. polon.  
5 no.4:653 1954.

1. Z Zakladu Farmakologii Instytutu Lekow w Warszawie. Kierownik:  
dr J.Venulet.

(BODY TEMPERATURE, effect of drugs on.)  
Res. Lab. of Pharmacology, drug Inst. Warsaw.

VENULET, Jan

Problems of physiopathology and pharmacology of iron. Polski  
tygod. lek. 9 no.15:475-476; contd. 12 Apr 54.

1. Z Zakladu Farmakologii Doswiadczonej A.M. w Warszawie; kierownik  
prof. dr Piotr Kubikowski.  
(IRON,  
metab. & pharmacol.)

VENULET, Jan (Warszawa, ul. Sandomierska 6)

Problems of physiopathology and pharmacology in iron. Polski  
tygod. lek. 9 no.16:504-507; contd. 19 Apr. 54.  
(IRON,  
metab. & pharmacol.)

VENULET, JAN

URBANSKI, Tadeusz; MALINOWSKI, Stanislaw; SKOWROWSKA-SERAFINOWA, Barbara;  
CHECHELSKA, Bozenna; DABROWSKA, Halina; FALICKI, Jerzy; GURNE,  
Daniela; HALSKI, Leszek; SLOPEK, Stefan; KAMIEŃSKA, Irena;  
VENULET, Jan; JAKIMOWSKA, Krystyna; URBANSKA, Alicja

Search for new antituberculous agents. Gruzlica 22 no.10:681-690  
Oct 54.

1. Z Oddzialu Syntezy Lekow Instytutu Gruzlicy; kierownik prof. dr.  
T.Urbanski, dyrektor: prof. dr. J.Misiewicz.  
(CHEMOTHERAPY, in various diseases  
tubero., progr.)  
(TUBERCULOSIS, therapy  
antituberc. agents, research)